

Did you know that you are required by Florida statute* to report certain diseases to your local public health department?

The Current List of Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida 8/03

Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)

Animal bite to humans

 Anthrax

 Botulism

 Brucellosis

Campylobacteriosis

Cancer (except non melanoma skin cancer)

Chancroid

Chlamydia trachomatis (diseases caused by)

Ciguatera

Congenital anomalies

Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD)

Cryptosporidiosis

Cyclosporiasis

Dengue

 Diphtheria

Ehrlichiosis, human

Encephalitis

Eastern Equine

 Non-arboviral

Other arboviral

St. Louis

Venezuelan Equine

West Nile

Western Equine

Enteric disease due to:

 *E. coli*, O157:H7

E. coli, Other (known serotype)

Epsilon toxin of *Clostridium perfringens*

Giardiasis (acute)

Glanders

Gonorrhea

Granuloma Inguinale

 *Haemophilus influenzae* (invasive disease)

Hansen's Disease (Leprosy)

 Hantavirus infection

Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome

Hepatitis (viral)

 Hepatitis A

Hepatitis B (includes perinatal)

Hepatitis C

Hepatitis Non-A, Non-B

Hepatitis, Other (including unspecified)

Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive in a pregnant woman or a child <=24 months of age

Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV) [in neonates and infants to 6 months of age]

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

Human Papillomavirus (HPV) [in neonates and children through 12 years of age]

Lead Poisoning

Legionellosis

Leptospirosis

 Listeriosis

Lyme Disease

Lymphogranuloma Venereum

Malaria

 Measles

Melioidosis

Meningitis (bacterial & mycotic)

 Meningococcal Disease (due to *Neisseria meningitidis*)

Mercury Poisoning

Mumps

 Neurotoxic Shellfish Poisoning

 Pertussis

Pesticide-Related Illness and Injury

 Plague

 Poliomyelitis

Psittacosis

 Q Fever

 Rabies

Ricin Toxin

Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever

Rubella (including congenital)

Salmonellosis

Saxitoxin Poisoning (paralytic shellfish poisoning)

Shigellosis

 Smallpox

 *Staphylococcus aureus*, Vancomycin non-susceptible

Staphylococcus enterotoxin B


Streptococcal Disease (invasive group A)

Streptococcus pneumoniae (invasive disease)

Syphilis

 Primary

 Secondary

 Early latent

Congenital syphilis

Late latent

Neurosyphilis

Tetanus

Toxoplasmosis (acute)

Trichinosis

 Tuberculosis (within 72 hours)


 Tularemia


 Typhoid Fever

Typhus Fever


Vaccinia Disease


Vibrio Infections (including unspecified)

 *Vibrio cholerae* (Type O1 and non-O1)

 Viral Hemorrhagic Fever (includes Ebola, Marburg, Lassa and Machupo)

 Yellow Fever

 Any disease outbreak (e.g., in the community, hospital, or other institution; or foodborne or waterborne) is also reportable

 Any grouping or clustering of patients having similar diseases, symptoms or syndromes that may indicate the presence of a disease outbreak

To be reported immediately by telephone

You are an invaluable part of Florida's disease surveillance system. For more information, please call the epidemiology unit at your local county health department or the Bureau of Epidemiology at the Department of Health office at (850) 245-4401.

*Section 381.0031(1,2), Florida Statutes provides that "Any practitioner, licensed in Florida to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine, who diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." The DOH county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, this Section provides that "Periodically the Department shall issue a list of diseases determined by it to be of public health significance ... and shall furnish a copy of said list to the practitioners...."